



Newham London

NHS
Newham

Joint Strategic Needs Assessment 2010
The London Borough of Newham

18th January 2011

17.0 Glossary

Table 17.1: Glossary

Term	Description
A2/A8	See EU Accession States
Antenatal	Occurring before birth
Cardio-vascular disease	Diseases of the heart or blood system
Cerebrovascular diseases	Diseases that are related to the blood supply to the brain
Co-morbidity	The relationship between the frequency of two diseases or conditions
Congenital	Defects or damage to a developing foetus, sometimes due to genetic factors.
Decent Homes Standard	A government housing standard which requires all councils and housing associations to bring their properties up to a certain standard by 2010
Dementia	The effects of certain conditions on a person's mental ability, personality and behavior, often culminating in problems with memory and the skills needed to carry out everyday activities.
Demography	The makeup of the population
Deprivation	The state of poverty
Direct Payments	A financial payment made to someone who would normally receive a service from the Council 'Social Services'
Economically active	People who are either in employment or unemployed and receiving Job Seekers Allowance
Economically inactive	People who are neither in employment nor unemployed. This includes people on benefits other than Job Seekers Allowance.
EU Accession States	The 10 states that have recently acceded to the European Union. These are the A8 states (the Czech republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland, Slovakia and Slovenia) in 2004 and the A2 states (Bulgaria and Romania) in 2007
Housing tenure	The financial arrangements under which someone has a right to live in a house or apartment, e.g. home owner, private rented etc
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Housing tenure	The financial arrangements under which someone has a right to live in a house or apartment, e.g. home owner, private rented etc
Hypertensive	Having high blood pressure, that is above 140/90 mmHG

Table 17.1: Glossary, Continued

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Term	Description
Index of Multiple Deprivation	National measure of social deprivation. It combines a number of indicators (e.g. housing deprivation, employment deprivation) into one single measure.
Individual Budgets	A system by which several income streams are combined to provide a service user with a single budget allowing greater flexibility in the way they buy support to meet their needs.
Ischemic heart disease	A disease characterised by reduced blood supply to the heart
Joint Strategic Needs Assessment	The Department of Health state that the JSNA is “a process that will identify the current and future health and wellbeing needs of a local population, informing the priorities and targets set by Local Area Agreements and leading to agreed commissioning priorities that will improve outcomes and reduce health inequalities”
Limiting Long Term Illness	Sometimes described as long term conditions. Health problems that require ongoing management over a period of years or decades.
London Borough of Newham	The London Borough of Newham was one of the authors of this document
Margin of error	A measure of accuracy in a survey. The larger a margin of error, the less reliable the results of the survey.
Mean	The sum of the data set divided by the number of points in that set. Often commonly referred to as the “average”. E.g. the mean of the data set: 2,2,2,3,3,6,7 is 3.6.
Median	The value that divides a data set into two parts so that there are an equal number of data points above and below that value. E.g. the median of the data set: 2,2,2,3,3,6,7 is 3.
Migration	The movement of people into or out of an area
Mode	The value in a data set that has the most data points at that value. E.g. the mode of the data set: 2,2,2,3,3,6,7 is 2.
Morbidity	The relative frequency of the occurrence of a disease
Mortality	An alternative term for death, usually used in connection of rates of death
Myocardial infarction	A heart attack
National Indicator	One of the set of national performance indicators
Neighbourhood cohesion	A measure referring to the connections between people in a local area
Neonatal	Occurring shortly after birth, usually during the first month
Nomis	The Office for National Statistics system for official labour market statistics
North-East London	The PCTs that make up the NEL PCT group are: Waltham Forest PCT, City and Hackney PCT, Havering PCT, Redbridge PCT, Barking and Dagenham PCT, Tower Hamlets PCT and Newham PCT.
Outcomes	An outcome is an impact on a person, for the person which is planned, positive and attributable to the service. Many services have national outcome frameworks which define outcome areas. Adults Social Care have an outcomes framework of seven outcomes areas (Improved health and emotional wellbeing, improved quality of life, making a positive contribution, choice and control, discrimination and harassment, economic wellbeing and maintaining personal dignity and respect). Children’s services have an outcomes framework of five outcome areas (staying safe, being healthy, enjoying and achieving, achieving economic well-being and making a positive contribution).
Palliative care	The care of patients with advanced progressive illnesses
Performance Indicator	A measure that is used as part of the assessment of the performance of a service
Perinatal	Occurring at the time of birth
Prenatal	Occurring before birth
Prevalence	The proportion of individuals in a population who have an existing illness, condition or need.
Primary Care Trust	NHS Newham was one of the authors of this document
Public Service Agreement	These were created in 2007 by the government and are a commitment to the public on what they can expect for their money.
Putting People First	A Department of Health paper from 2007 that sets out a vision for the transformation of adult social care services enabling people to live their own lives as they wish, confident that services are of high quality, are safe and promote their own individual needs for independence, well-being and dignity.

Table 17.1: Glossary, Continued

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Term	Description
Quartile	Any one of the three values that divide a quantity into four equal parts. Can also be used to refer to the data found in one of the four parts.
Quintile	Any one of the four values that divide a quantity into five equal parts. Can also be used to refer to the data found in one of the five parts.
Rate	The occurrence of events over a specific interval in time or a measure of the frequency of some phenomenon.
Referrals, Assessments and Packages of Care	This is a social care performance return and is the official source for data on adult social care numbers in the UK.
Schizophrenia	A severe psychiatric disorder with symptoms of hallucinations and delusions
Self Directed Support	A style of care and support whereby the service user's own care choices are delivered, rather than just the type of care traditionally offered by the Local Authority and support organisations. Usually delivered through Direct Payments of Individual Budgets.
Service Level Agreement	A service contract (or part thereof) where the level of service is formally defined
Social capital	A term referring to the connections between social networks
Social mobility	The possibility for people in a society to change their class or social status
Socioeconomic	Relating to or involving economic and social factors
Standard Deviation	A measure of the variability or dispersion of a statistical population
Standardised Mortality Rate	A proportional measure of the number of deaths in a population had that population been of a standard composition in terms of age, sex etc.
Stillborn	The delivery of a foetus that has died before birth
Super Output Areas	Small geographical unit with fixed boundaries used as a constant geographical unit unaffected by political boundaries. There are 159 SOAs in Newham
Telecare and Telehealth	Technology that brings health and social care directly to a user, generally in their homes. It covers social alarms, lifestyle monitoring and the remote monitoring of vital signs for diagnosis, assessment and prevention of illness
Third sector	Collective term for voluntary, charitable or not for profit organisations
Trend	A long-term movement in an ordered series, say a time series, which may be regarded, together with the oscillation and random component, as generating the observed values
Vascular disease	A disease relating to the blood vessels
Whole System Demonstrator	A combined system of Telecare and Telehealth to provide integrated health and social care support through technology
Working Age	Usually defined as adults aged 16 – 64, however some older measures will define it as males aged 16 – 64 and females aged 16 – 59. Adult Social Care usually defines working age as all adults aged 18 – 64.

