How you and your health visitor can recognise that your baby is feeding well			This assessment tool was developed for use in or around day 10-14	
What to look for/ask about	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		Wet nappies:
Your baby: has at least 8 -12 feeds in 24 hours				Nappies should feel heavy. To get an idea of how this feels take a nappyand add 2-4 tablespoons of water as this will help you know what to expect.
is generally calm and relaxed when feeding and content aftermost feeds				
will take deep rhythmic sucks and you will hear swallowing				Stools/dirty nappies:
will generally feed for between 5 and 40 minutes and will come off the breast spontaneously				By day 10-14 babies should pass frequent soft runny yellow stoolsevery day with 2 stools being the minimum you would expect.
has a normal skin colour and is alert and waking for feeds				
has regained birth weight				After 4 Courselies where has eaffered in a is more established this
				After 4-6 weeks when breastfeeding is more established this may change with some babies going a few days or more without
<b>Your baby's nappies:</b> At least 6 heavy, wet nappies in 24 hours				stooling. Breastfed babies are never constipated and when they do pass a stool it will still be soft, yellow and abundant.
At least 2 dirty nappies in 24 hours, at least $\pounds 2$ coin size, yellow and runny and usually more				
				Feed frequency: Young babies will feed often and the pattern and number of
Your breasts:				feeds willvary from day to day. Being responsive to your baby's need to breastfeed for food, drink, comfort and security will ensure you have agood milk supply and a secure happy baby.
Breasts and nipples are comfortable				
Nipples are the same shape at the end of the feed as the start				
How using a dummy/nipple shields/infant formula*/ bottles* can impact on breastfeeding?				
				*refer to bottle feeding assessment form
Date				1
Health visitor initials				Care plan commenced: Yes/No
<b>Health Visitor:</b> if any responses not ticked: watch a full breastfeed, develop a care plan including revisiting positioning and attachment and/or refer for additional support. Consider specialist support if needed.				